Evaluation of the RIDA®GENE Bordetella real-time PCR assay for the laboratory diagnosis of Bordetella infections

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Objectives

Bordetella pertussis is the major cause of pertussis (whooping cough). Pertussis can cause a serious illness in people of all age groups, which can be lifethreatening particular in infants. Other species, including Bordetella holmesii and Bordetella

parapertussis cause a milder whooping cough-like illness, however it is estimated that 3 - 35 % of the Bordetella infections are caused by *B. parapertussis* and also B. holmesii is frequently detected upon Bordetella infections. 1,2,3 Transmission of pertussis still occurs frequently because protection from vaccination lasts for 5 - 10 years and protection after natural infection wanes after 10 to 15 years. In addition, pertussis vaccination is described to

lack cross-protection against Bordetella holmesii.4

After the incubation time, the clinical course of a Bordetella infection can be divided into three stages: catarrhal stage (1 - 2 weeks), paroxysmal stage (1 - 2 weeks) and convalescent stage (6 - 10 weeks).5 Whereas culture is only appropriate in the first two weeks and serological diagnosis at earliest 2 weeks after infection, real-time PCR allows rapid and sensitive detection in the first four weeks after cough onset. This study aimed to evaluate the performance of the RIDA®GENE Bordetella assay for the direct detection of Bordetella infections. The results were compared to the GenoQuick® Bordetella assay (Hain Lifescience, Nehren,

Results

Of the 212 patient samples, 210 were concordant (99 %). 187 samples were negative for a Bordetella infection.

Both tests identified 22 positive samples for Bordetella pertussis (10.43 %) and 1 positive sample for Bordetella parapertussis (0.47 %). There was a discrepancy in the result for 2 samples between both

assays (Figure 2). Those samples were weak positive for B. parapertussis with the GenoQuick® Bordetella assay and were not detected by the RIDA®GENE Bordetella multiplex real-time PCR assay. The discrepant samples were sent to the national reference center which stated those 2 samples as negative for Bordetella spp., confirming the result obtained by the RIDA®GENE Bordetella multiplex real-time PCR assay.

- 1 Linneman CC et al. Bordetella parapertussis. Recent experience and a review of the literature. Am J Dis Child 1977, 131 (5): 560-563.
- 2 Mertsola, J. Mixed outbreak of Bordetella pertussis and Bordetella parapertussis infection in Finland. Eur J Clin Microbiol 1985, 4(2): 123-128.
- Njamkepo E et al. Significant Finding of Bordetella holmesii DNA in Nasopharyngeal Samples from French Patients with Suspected
- Pertussis. J Clin Microbiol 2011, 49(12):4347-4348.
- A Zhang X et al. Lack of Cross-protection against Bordetella holmesii after Pertussis Vaccination. Emerg Infect Dis 2012, 18(11): 1771-1779.
- 5 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 2012. Pertussis. Epidemiology and Prevention of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases. The Pink Book: Course Textbook - 12th Edition Second Printing (May 2012) Accessed 21 05 2013

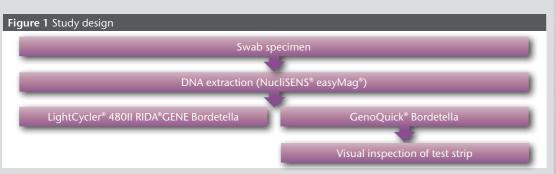
Methods

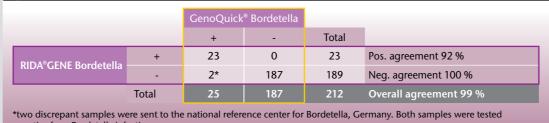
The RIDA®GENE Bordetella multiplex real-time PCR assay is a qualitative assay using fluorogenic target-specific hydrolysis probes for the differential detection of Bordetella pertussis, Bordetella parapertussis and Bordetella holmesii (Table 1). The GenoQuick® Bordetella assay allows direct detection and differentiation of Bordetella pertussis and Bordetella parapertussis.

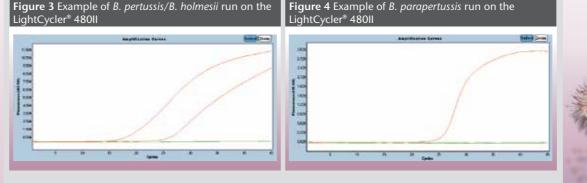
Table 1 Analyte target gene and detection channel overview		
Analyte	Target Gene	Detection Channel Light® Cycler 480II
B. pertussis/B. holmesii	IS481	465/510
B. parapertussis	IS1001	533/610
B. holmesii	IS1001	618/660
ICD	Synthetic target DNA sequence	533/580

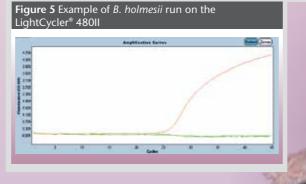
212 swab specimens from patients with symptoms of a bacterial respiratory infection were isolated with the NucliSENS® easyMag® automated extraction platform (bioMérieux). DNA was analysed with the RIDA®GENE Bordetella assay on the LightCycler® 480II (Roche) and by visual inspection of the GenoQuick test strip according to the manufacturer's instructions (Figure 1).











Acknowledgment

We thank Dr. Marion Riffelmann and Dr. Nicole Kennerknecht from the German consulting laboratory for Bordetella pertussis, Krefeld for analysis of discrepant results.

Conclusion

The RIDA®GENE Bordetella assay is a highly sensitive and specific multiplex real-time PCR assay for diagnosis of Bordetella pertussis, Bordetella parapertussis and Bordetella holmesii.

The RIDA®GENE Bordetella multiplex real-time PCR assay allows detection and differentiation of B. pertussis, B. parapertussis and B. holmesii.

The real-time PCR format reduces the time to result to 2 hours. The RIDA®GENE Bordetella real-time PCR kit contains an internal control DNA that can be used as an amplification control or additionally as an extraction control.

